Fair; warmer.

Something Elegant

SMOKING JACKETS. "The thing" for a Christmas their firearms. The mob stood sullenly around for a short time, but gradually melted away. On the 12th there was an attempt made by the strikers to rescue eleven prisoners as they were being transpresent for a man. We have lots of them. Must sell them this week. So we cut the prices. We offer them this way:

\$4 SMOKING JACKET for \$2.48 \$5 SMOKING JACKET for 3.98 \$7 SMOKING JACKET for 4.87 \$8 and \$10 SMOKING JACKET for ... 5.87 \$10 to \$14 SMOKING JACKET for.. 6.87 \$15 and \$16 SMOKING JACKET for.. 9.98

They are in Scotch and English Flannels, Ladies' Cloth, Tricot, etc. Plain, Stripes and Plaids.

Boys' and Youths' Smoking Jackets, \$3.98. Mens' Dressing Gowns, \$5.87, \$6.98 and \$8.98.

THE WHEN

Open evenings until Christmas. Our ad. in this evening's papers will cause a wave of surprise.

MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO

93, 95, 97 and 99 South Meridian Street.

(Wholesale Exclusively.)

ODD LOTS:

Broken assortments of Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children's Wool and Worsted Hosiery. Incomplete lots of Ladies', Gents', Misses' and life when he was drowned at Excelsion

Children's Jersey Rib and Flat Underwear. The size may be just what you want to fill out your stock. The PRICE is much less than manufacturing cost.

MEN'S FIRST QUALITY "NON-SNAG"

RUBBER BOOTS

\$2.40 Per Pair

Net 30 Days. No punched Goods. All made for us.

Mckee & CO., Indianapolis

December 25

That's not far off now. And a Christmas Present of one of those

Wrought Steel Ranges

Would about hit the nail on the head.

All kinds of Stoves.

Nothing but Stoves.

GOT HIS ACCOUNTS MIXED.

Bank Clerk's Reason for Shooting

Two Inspectors and Killing Himself.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Dec. 18.-The theory that Huntington, the bank clerk

who shot the two bond company inspectors

and then committed suicide, was shot by

other hands than his own Sunday was

exploded to-day and the jury accordingly

decided. The jury went to the hotel to

hear the testimony of Hayden and Crom-

well. The former seemed to be in good

spirits, but the latter was not resting so

easily as on' Monday. Both described the

conversation that took place in the private

office of the bank in much the same way as

it has already been given to the public by

the papers. Both said that they were un-

lief in Huntington's innocence of any finan-

cial crookedess. He said that he could not

specify any particular check that was miss-

ng, and that so far as he could see the

oank had not lost the \$500 excepting so far

which the inspectors questioned Hunting-

on Sunday morning was cleared up this

fternoon. The note was for \$50 and was

aid this month, although Huntington could

not tell where he got the money with which to pay it. Judge Bennett, the cashier of the State Savings Bank, testified that

on the same day when the note fell due Huntington borrowed \$50 at his bank. There is now no doubt that the whole miserable

affair resulted from Huntington getting his

RIOT IN CENTRAL AMERICA.

Blue Jackets Necessary to Suppress

Disorderly Wood-Choppers.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 18.-The Central

American Times of Dec. 14, published at

Belize, British Honduras, received here

by mail to-day, contains a long account

of a labor riot which took place there on

the 11th inst. The origin of the present

disturbance is purely industrial. The men

engaged in mahogany and logwood cutting,

who constitute the bulk of the laborers of

the colony, demanded higher wages than

the merchants were inclined to pay, and,

having failed to obtain relief by applica-

tion to the authorities, they became exas-

perated and began to wreck the stores of

their employers. When the mob had

reached Mutrie's store it was confronted

by the clerks, armed with revolvers. They

fired over the heads of the mob and

wounded a man and a woman. The mob

then reshed into Cramer's store, smashing

a number of glass cases, musical boxes and

musical instruments and carried off a

large number of watches. Several persons

From about 3:30 o'clock, when the

were slightly bruised by being struck with

rioting began, until 5 o'clock the town was

inprotected and at the mercy of the mob.

The constables were not idle, but the riot-

ers were not in a temper to listen to rea-son, and all efforts of the officers were in-

sufficient to produce a cessation of the disorder. All that they could do was to take into custody and confine in the police station a man whom they looked upon as a ringleader. The rioters then turned their

attention to the police station. The win-

dows were broken, and the attitude of the

mob was so threatening that the prisoner

blue jackets and three files of marines

wharf. On the blue jackets being drawn up in front of the police station all signs of disorder ceased. From the steps on the council chamber his Excellency, the Governor, addressed a few remarks to the

crowd, urging it to disperse. During this time the more violent spirits had rapidly crossed the bridge and were reassembling

landed and marched to the courtho

few minutes before 5 o'clock forty

accounts mixed. He was not a thief, but

mystery surrounding a note about

as the bookkeeping was concerned.

thought he was to be so branded.

INDIANAPOLIS STOYE CO., 71 & 73 S. Meridian

BIG 4 ROUTE HOLIDAY EXCURSIONS

- TO ALL POINTS IN -CENTRAL

Tickets for the public will be sold Dec. 23, 24 and 31 and Jan. 1, all good to return until Jan. 2; also, to students and teachers presenting proper certificates of principal of institution will be sold whenever called for, good to return until Jan. 11.

For tickets and full information call at Big Four ticket offices, No. 1 East Washington Street, 36 Jackson Place and Union Station. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

Via Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad, Tuesday, December 18, 1894.

Home Seekers' Excursion

ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP To points in Virginia and North Carolina. For further information call at ticket office, No. 2 West Washington street, old "Bee Hive" corner, or Union Depot. corner, or Union Depot.
I. D. BALDWIN, D. P. A.

MONON'ROUTE

(Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.)

THE VESTIBULE PULLMAN CAR LINE LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS. 30—Chicago Limited, Pullman Vesti-led Coaches, Parlor and Dining Cars,

Chicago ...

- hicago Night Express, Pullman
builed Coaches and Sicepers, daily .12:35 a...
7:40 a No 10-Monon Accommodation, daily, ex-ARRIVE AT INDIANAPOLIS.

iman Vestibule Sieeper for Chicago stands a end Union Station, and can be taken at 5:30 p For further information call at Union Ticket Office, former Washington and Meridian streets, Union Sta-tion as 6 Massachusetts avenue. I. P. BALDWIN, D. P. A.

Warehouse Company WAREHOUSEMEN, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Money advanced on consignments. Registered receipts given. Nos. 265 to 273 SOUTH PENNSYL VANIA STREET. Telephone 1343.

ACME MILLING COMPANY. 252 West Washington Street.

Wave of outlawry. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 18 .- A wave of outlawry struck Kansas City late last night. Ex-Deputy Constable Isaac Cahn was fa-tally shot through the brain by Foster Pollard in a Troop-avenue saloon. Five per-sons were held up individually and robbed by footpads on Independence avenue, near Highland, and two persons were robbed on Bluff street. One of the victims, Nettle Harris, a young colored woman, was shot because she refused to throw up her hands. The is not dangerously wounded.

eleven prisoners as they were being transferred from the police station to the jail, but the blue jackets drove them off. On Wednesday Cramer & Co. posted a notice offering to pay woodchoppers \$15 per month—the amount the strikers demanded. The men then sent a white flag to the Governor, asking that their comrades in prison be only fined, and that they be paid \$15 per month. So far the Governor's answer has not been made public. Her Majesty's ship Pelican has arrived, and the Canada was expected again yesterday. Troops Sent to Belize. NEW YORK, Dec. 18 .- A special cable to the World from Kingston, Jamaica, says: "Troops have gone to Belize, British Honduras, to suppress riots, resulting from the imposition of English currency on the inhabitants. The Spheroid brought an appeal for aid. A state of anarchy prevails and there has been some bloodshed." FRAKER CASE ENDED VERDICT RENDERED AGAINST THE

INSURANCE COMPANIES. Policies Aggregating \$44,655 Must Be

Paid to Relatives of the Dead

Missouri Doctor.

at Currie's store, where they became ex-ceedingly threatening again. The sailors

were then brought over to keep them in check. The Attorney-general mounted a box and gave the men five minutes to dis-

perse, threatening if they did not he would read the riot act and the sailors would use

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 18.-After three weeks consumed in its trial and one day in argument the jury, to-day, in twentyone minutes after receiving its instructions. returned a verdict in the famous Dr. Fraker insurance case. It was in favor of the relatives of Fraker, who sued five companies which held policies on the Doctor's Springs, Missouri, July 10, 1893. The policies aggregated \$44,655, and the plaintiffs have been granted judgment for the full amount. The different companies and amounts follow: Provident Savings and Life Assurance Society of New York, \$10,675; Kansas Mutual of Topeka, \$10,660; Hartford Life and Annuity Insurance Company, \$16,930; Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias of the World, \$3,195; Modern Woodmen of America, \$3,195. The benefactors named in the policies are two sisters of the deceased doctor-Mrs. Cynthia Hatfield and Margaret Magruder, of Macon county, Missouri-and six orphan nephews and nieces living in Oregon, Washington State and California. The case has been one of peculiar interest and has been desperately fought on both sides. The trial has been very costly to the defense. Dr. H. C. Fraker was a physician with a moderate practice at Excelsior Springs, Mo. July 10, 1893, while on a fishing trip in Missouri, he slipped from the bank and was drowned. Not the least trace of him could be found and his complete disappearance being so exceptional several of the insurance companies refused to pay the policies held by him. It was asserted it was a conspiracy to defraud and that the doctor swam the river and es-caped in the garb of a woman. To strength-en this theory the defense introduced testimony to show the doctor changed his sex every seven years, and had awaited such a transition to practice the deception.

Mrs. McElroy Sues for \$31,725. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 18 .- Mrs. Della I. McElroy, for her two children, has brought suit in the Circuit Court to recover \$31,725 from the Equitable Life Insurance Company of the United States on a policy taken out by her deceased husband, James E. McElroy, who died in Bellevue Hospital, New York city, last July. Mrs. McElroy alleges she has been unable to collect on the policy taken out by her husband shortly before his death.

FIVE YOUTHS KILLED.

Mangled by an Explosion While Eating Lunch in a Boiler Room.

WEST BAY CITY, Mich., Dec. 18 .- By the explosion of the boilers in Russell Bros. planing mill and box factory, this morning, five persons were killed and several others injured. The dead are: JOHN CALCUTT, fireman, aged twenty-

GEORGE PFUND, aged seventeen

ALBERT RAHN, aged sixteen.

JOHN BRANN, aged fifteen.

AL HEAVENBACHER, aged seventeen. The injured are: Fred Wildauer, leg bruised; Charles Dodge, back injured, Roe Hudson, face badly cut. The explosion occurred while the mill was shut down for a few moments, and the boys were in the boiler room eating lunch. All the bodies were terribly mutilated and almost unrec-ognizable. John Haining, the engineer, stepped out of the room a moment before the explosion occurred and escaped uninjured. Several of the boys were the only support

WEATHER FORECAST

Fair and Warmer in Indiana To-Day -South Winds. armed and did no shooting. Cromwell's testimony did much to strengthen the be-WASHINGTON, Dec. 18 .- For Ohio and Indiana-Fair; warmer; south winds.

For Illinois-Fair; warmer; southerly Local Observations.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 18. Time. | Bar. |Ther. R. H. | Wind. |Weather. | Pre. A.M. 36.53 26 81 North. Clear.

P.M. 30.24 35 76 S'east, Clear. 0.00 Maximum temperature, 37; minimum temperature, 24. The following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation, Dec.

Tem. Excess or deficiency since Jan. C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, Local Forecast Official

Outrages in Armenia Denounced. NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—At a general mass meeting in Chickering Hall this evening resolutions were adopted denouncing the Turkish massacre of Armenians and appealing for governmental aid to prevent the recurrence of such outrages Addresses were delivered by Gen. Wager Swayne, who was chairman, Dr. William C. Ward, the Rev. Dr. Dickerman, Dr. E. M. Bliss, J. Augustus Johnson, ex-consul at Bay

reuth, and the Rev. John Hall, of the Fifth-avenue Presbyterian Church. Resolutions were adopted expressing sympathy for the Christian people of Armenia and appealing to the signatory powers of the Berlin treaty and to the United States government, in the name of humanity, to take measures to suppress the outrages. Tax Collector Frightened. MORGANFIELD, Ky., Dec. 18.—Tax Colector Blackwell and his son arrived here this morning. As it had been announced that Blackwell would hold a special sale today, people from all over the tax district began to pour into the town early. When special train with two thousand of the irate taxpayers arrived Blackwell evidently became alarmed and he and John Feland, attorney for the bondholders, hurried to the depot and boarded the train for Unionto in,

property and land to recover taxes for Jan. 7 due the railroad, and it is supposed there will be trouble if he attempts to hold

much to the disappointment of the people. The sale, therefore, did not come off. Blackwell has advertised a sale of personal

Girl's Assailant Captured. WHEELING, W. Va., Dec. 18. - Near Salem, this morning, while Miss Annie Custer, a girl sixteen years of age, was on her way to school, she was criminally assaulted by an unknown man. The teacher of the school arrived immediately after, and, on being informed of the occurrence organized a posse and went in pursuit o assailant. After a two hours' search followed by a fight in which several shots were fired, nobody being hurt, the man was captured. There is talk of tynching to-night, but it is thought wiser counsel will prevail and the law will be allowed take its course. The girl is badly in-

TWO IMPORTANT DECISIONS INVOLV-ING LARGE SUMS OF MONEY.

American Bell Telephone Company Defeated in the Suit Brought at Boston by the Government.

PATENT BERLINER

R. S. TAYLOR, OF FORT WAYNE, ONE OF THE SUCCESSFUL ATTORNEYS.

Pullman Palace-Car Company Beaten in a Case That Has Been in Litigation Nine Years.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 18.-The long contested patent suit of the United States vs. the American Bell Telephone Company was ended this morning when Judge Carpenter, of the United States Circuit Court, rendered a decision against the telephone company. This suit was a bill in equity praying for the repeal of letters patent issued to Emile Berliner, assignor of the American Bell Telephone Company, for a combined telephone and telegraph system. The case has been in the court for a number of years and is already familiar to the public. The Berliner patents were issued to the telephone company, but never put in use by them, on account, they claimed, of the expense of making changes in the telephone system while other companies

were prevented from using the system. patent is void, it being beyond the power of the commissioner to issue it. On this point the decision of Judge Carpenter declares: "It appears that one of the functions of the device shown in the patent of 1880, namely, the function of transmitting articulate speech, is identical with the sole object or function of the device covered by the patent of 1891, and that the device for effecting the transmission of sound is identical in both patents. The patent, therefore, seems to me to be void and beyond the power of commissioner to

"The second ground in the suit is that the issue of the patent was unlawfully delayed through the fault of the respondent. The respondent corporation was of ample means to prosecute the application. The result of any delay which might take place in the issue of the Berlinger patent would evidently be to continue so much longer the practical monopoly of the art of electrical transmission of articulate speech. Under the circumstances, I think it clear that the duty of the respondent corporation was to use the greatest degree of dilligence in prosecuting the application to an early

"The application for which an interference was anticipated was that filed July 26, 1890, by Daniel Drawbaugh, in which he claims to be the original and first inventor of the telephone. There was set on foot a general understanding, a lit is called, on the part of the examiner and the respective counsel for Drawbaugh and for the Bell company that the decision for the application for the Berliner patent should await the decision of their pending suits. It would never appear in the Patent Office that Drawbaugh was entitled to a patent. The plain duty of the respondent corporation right to a patent at once. That the un warrantable delay thus caused was in tended by the respondent corporation I can have no doubt. I think that these acts were so gross as to forbid any interterference, except that they dishonestly delayed the issue of the patent, taking advantage for that purpose of the, perhaps excusable, willingness of the officials of the Patent Office to postpone the decision of a sharply-debated question in which a

large public interest was involved. "My conclusion, therefore, is that the complainant has made out the case, and that there should be a decree that the patent in question was void and shall be delivered up and cancelled."

Lawyer Frederick P. Fish, counsel for the Bell Telephone Company, speaking of the decision, said: "The case will now go to the United States Court of Appeals and a decision will possibly be rendered next spring, after the case has been argued anew as though the Circuit Court had not made this decision. If the case is decided against us it will be taken to the United States Supreme Court."

The value of the patent involved is said to be \$5,000,000. The government case against the Ben telephone contained two counts and the judge sustained the government in both. The first count was in effect that the issuance of the patent to Berliner was unnecessarily delayed, and the second count was in substance that a former patent issued to Berliner covered substantially the same claims as made in the patent issued in 1891.

The case was argued June 13, 14, 16, 18, 19 and 20 before Judge Carpenter. The government's special counsel was Custen K Brown, of Boston, and Robert .. Taylor, of Fort Wayne, Ind. The telephone company's counsel were Chauncey Smith, J. J. Storrow, F. P. Fish and C. H. Swan. The costs in the case are enormous, the record alone making two large printed volumes. and cost over \$3,000. By the court's decree the costs are to fall on the telephone

On the Stock Exchange the effect of the decision of Judge Carpenter was to send off Bell Telephone stock with a rush, and for a few minutes there was great excitement around the bell pole. The stock had opened unchanged at 200%, and when the news of the decision had reached the street it slumped by degrees to 191. From this point it recovered to 194, and at 1 o'clock was se'ling at 192. During the past week the stock has displayed a firmer tendency and has been as high as 201.

MUST PAY \$3,000,000. Decision Against the Pullman Palace-

Car Company. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 18 .- Judges Dallas and Butler, in the United States Circuit Court, to-day, rendered a decision to the effect that the Pullman Palace-car Company must make payments to the Central Transportation Company for the property acquired under the lease of 1870, etc. The matter has been in litigation for nine years, but is now to be brought to a speedy close, the court appointing Theodore M. Etting master to assess the damages and to render a report within sixty days. It is said that the amount sought to be recovered by the Transportation company

is \$3,000,000. The opinion, which is voluminous, begins by reciting the consolidation, in 1870, of the two companies as the best way out of their litigation against each other, and a lease was made by which the Pullman company was to pay the Transportation company \$264,000 per annum, subject to certain contingencies. The Pullman company paid up to January, 1885, when a dispute arose.

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 18.—The trouble between Bishop Bonacum and his priests has finally reached the Supreme Court on the appeal of Father Corbett from the decision of the District Court restraining him from walter. 8: Albin, 6: drawn, 6.

The Transportation company brought suit, and the Pullman company, in answer, repudiated the lease by denying its validity as in excess of the lessors' authority and against public policy. The Supreme Court sustained this decision. Then the Transportation company filed a bill to enforce return of its property or compel compenreturn of its property, or compel compen-sation, and the Pullman's answer, denying responsibility for the property received, raised the principal question now decided. In passing upon it, the court says: "The right to restitution is distinctly admitted by the Pullman company in this case. The property must, therefore, be returned or paid for. The former is impossible, as the property has substantially disappeared. It has become incorporated with the business and property of the Pullman company, and cannot be separated. Therefore, compensation must be made. The value of the them. For the purpose of ascertaining from a careful examination of the property, the business and its earnings at the time they passed into the Pullman company's hands, and subsequently. It is not their value to the Pullman company we want, but to the Transportation company. In effect, what it lost by parting with them. For the purpose of ascertaining these values the court will refer the subject to a master.'

BLIXT'S DEFENSE.

equipments have disappeared.

It was mentioned in the case that out of 119 cars leased, five have disappeared, seventy-seven have been sold and thirty-

seven are on hand. Also, that a total of \$713,334 has been received by the Pullman company on account of the sales. The car

He Will Claim to Have Been Hypnotized-Hayward's Father Talks.

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 18 .- W. W. Hayward, Harry's father, to-day declared that both of his sons would be cleared; that Blixt was confessedly a notorious liar and that his various confessions would have no weight. He added that the defense had evidence that Blixt was in the power of a gang and committed the murder of Miss Ging under its dictation, with the understanding that if discovered the crime should be ascribed to Harry Hayward. This gang, he added, was not composed of Minneapolis people. Mr. Hayward refused to account for the behavior of Adrian, the older broth-er, saying it would be explained later. and succinct statement to R. R. Odell, her husband's attorney, the purport of which was that she had long known of the immense influence exerted over her husband by Harry Hayward. She tried in vain to unteract it. Blixt said coveral times that Hayward would be the death of him and that he dared not disobey him. Just before the crime Blixt went around like a man ir a dream; it was hard to attract his attention and his memory became defective Hayward impressed on Blixt what he had to do many times a day and kept the idea of the crime constantly before him, accord-

This evidence is to be used in connection with that of Blixt's father and brother to show that theman was of a temperament most susceptible to an influence that approached he hypnotic in its caracter. It a question as to whether the court will permit testimony of a hypnotic character, but the defense will make a strong effort to show at least that Blixt was not a free moral agent when he committed the crime. This line of defense will make the trial a most novel one in criminal annals.

ANOTHER DEFAULTER.

Cashier of the Central National Bank of Rome, N. Y., Short \$27,000.

ROME, N. Y., Dec. 18.-The greatest surprise the people of this city have had in many years was caused to-day by the news that John E. Bielby, the trusted cashier of the Central National Bank, was a defaulter in the sum of \$27,000. The shortness in the accounts was first suspected about two weeks ago by National Bank Examiner J. Van Krauken, of Schenectady, On Monday of this week he unexpectedly reappeared and continued his investigation and made the above discovery. Bielby admitted that he had taken about \$27,000, and says that he speculated in stocks, was caught in a downward market and took the bank funds to recover himself. Most of these funds were also lost. Samuel Gillette, the teller of the bank, who is also the Mayor of Rome, disappeared Monday evening and his whereabouts are not known by his wife. Bielby, however, says no one is at fault besides himself, and that Gillette had nothing to do with the defalca-

falcations which have extended over about year and a half was to receive funds from depositors and conceal the record of such receipts from the bank examiner, making the liabilities of the bank seem to be less than they really were. This was carried out mainly by means of certificates of deposit. The bank is secured by Bielby's bond for \$20,000 and securities he owns in New York to the amount of \$8,000. These securities will be turned over to the bank.

YOUNG GRIFFO IN A RAGE. Wanted to Fight George Dixon on a

Philadelphia Stage. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 18.-The bad feeling which has existed between young Griffo and George Dixon came to a head to-day. Dixon is filling an engagement at the Lyceum Theater in this city. At the matinee to-day Griffo was in a box. As soon as the champion featherweight came on the stage Griffo leaped over the footlights, excitedly pulled a \$5 bill from his pocket and, throwing it at Dixon's feet, chailenged him to cover it. Dixon laughed at him and, under persuasion of friends, Griffo subsided but the lull was only temporary. After the show Griffo and Tom O'Rourke, Dixon's manager, collided in a neighboring saloon and hot words were exchanged. Griffo told O'Rourke that he was "only fit to manage niggers, anyhow." whereupon the Australian was staggered by a vigorous blow in the face. Serious trouble was only averted by mutual friends of the men.

Wrestler Woods Defeated. CLEVELAND, Ohio, Dec. 18.-Charles Wittmer, the Cincinnati wrestler, defeated Al Woods, of this city, at the Star Theater to-night in two straight falls.

TOLEDO SOCIETY SHAKEN.

Wealthy Young Man Saed by Miss Gruber for Breach of Promise. TOLEDO, Dec. 18 .- Toledo society is shaken to its center by a breach of promise suit, the damages being laid at \$75,000. brought by Miss Lucy M. Gruber against Roswell F. Messinger. She alleges the engagement of marriage was made on Jan. 3, 1893. The plaintiff is a handsome young lady of twenty-two, of excellent family. Mr. Messinger was recently appointed deputy county treasurer, and by the death of Calvin Bronson, his grandfather, he recently became heir to \$100,000 worth of valuable real estate in the business section of the city. This event occurred since his engagement, and, it is hinted, his altered worldly prospects led to the estrangement.

Divorced from an Adventurer. DENVER, Col., Dec. 18 .- A divorce has been granted to Mrs. Gertrude Hutchinson Clarke from Clarence W. Clarke, the New York adventurer, now in jail here, to whom she was married after two days' acquaint-

Mattress Trust Organized. CHICAGO, Dec. 18 .- Manufacturers of bed springs, mattresses and bedding met in se-cret session at the Sherman House to-day to form a national association, which will regulate the output of goods and control prices. Delegates were present representing the trade in all sections of the country. The following officers were elected: N. H. Foster, of St. Louis, president; M. E. Antisdel. Utica, N. Y., vice president; Charles S. Bolis, Harrisburg, Pa., secretary; F. Sal-

Lawler and Staff in Louisville. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 18.—Commander-in-chief Lawler, of the G. A. R., and staff arrived in this city to-night. Commander Lawler will spend to-morrow in conference with the citizens' G. A. R. committee in looking over the field. He will then have a consultation with his staff and fix the

isbury, Minneapolis, treasurer.

Father Corbett's Appeal.

exercising his priestly functions in the Bon acum diocese, because the Bishop declared he refused to be disciplined. The case now comes up on a motion of Corbett for an extension of the time of filing a transcript of the evidence adduced on the trial of the said action in the court below, and for an order on the official stenographer to prepare and furnish to the defendant such transcript with all convenient speed.

CLEVELAND LUCKY.

Credited with Killing 29 Ducks Yesterday, Despite a Gouty Foot.

GEORGETOWN, S. C., Dec. 18 .- President Cleveland is aboard the buoy tender Wisteria, lying in Muddy bay, ten miles from Georgetown, off the shore of Friendfield plantation, the vast marsh lands of which are leased to the Annandale Hunting Club, whose guest the President is. No one is allowed on board the Wisteria except those officially connected with the vessel. The President, however, accepted the tender of a reception to be held on Saturday next in the historic hall of the Winyah Indigo Soclety, in which Washington held a reception in 1792, since which time no President has visited Georgetown. A gentleman who carried down the President's mail reports that the President says he is enjoying him-self hugely and feels much benefited al-ready by his trip. When he accepted the tender of the reception he requested that it should be short, as his lame foot made it painful for him to stand long. He is suffering from rheumatic gout. The President's bag to-day was twenty-nine ducks, and yesterday six. Mr. Cleveland has ordered that only letters and telegrams be sent to the Wisteria. He says he does not wish to see a newspaper while he is here. He will leave for Washington next Saturday about

COSTLY OSTENSORIUM.

Mrs. Celinda Whiteford's \$20,000 Memorial of Her Son.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 18.-The costlicountry is that presented to-day to St. Ignatius Catholic Church in this city. It as the gift of the late Mrs. Celinda indictment and from prosecution based on Whiteford as a memorial for her son. is a magnificent ostensorium for the exbenediction of the blessed sacrament, and is made of solid gold. The ostensorium stands thirty-two inches high, and the diameter of the base, which is mounted on the heads of four lions, is twelve inches. The symbolical carving and enameling are exquisite and required months of time to execute. There are hundreds of diamonds and other precious stones in the ornamenta-tion, and the vessel complete is valued at over \$20,000. Several of the diamonds used are valued at over \$1,000 each, and belonged to the private collection of Mrs. White-ford. Many of the old family jewels have been used in the ornamentation of the vessel. When not upon the altar it will be kept in a large burglar-proof iron safe specially made for it in the sanctuary.

LYNCHED BY "BEST CITIZENS."

Negro Hanged for Insulting a White Girl in Florida.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 18,-While all the men were at work in the field, a young negro called at L. W. F. Sanderson's house, about three miles south of Ocala, last Saturday morning and asked for some matches. Seeing that there was no one at the house but Mrs. Sanderson's daughter, a young lady sixteen years old, the negro made an indecent proposal. She screamed. The negro became frightened and ran. Saturday afternoon the negro was found, taken before the girl and fully identified. He ac-knowledged his guilt. Sunday morning he was found hanging by the neck dead, with this card pinned to his breast: "Done by one hundred of Marion county's best citi zens." The jury's verdict was that the negro came to his death at the hands of parties unknown.

WAS HE AN AMATEUR?

Detective Employed by an Indianapolis Agency Killed in Ohio.

FOSTORIA, Ohio, Dec. 18.-It has develsped that Henry Reech, one of the men murdered by tramps in a box car near this place a few days ago, was a detective employed by the National Detective Bureau of Indianapolis. He had been detailed or a special case and had adopted the disguise of a tramp. The theory is now advanced that the murderers were desperate crooks and recognized Reech as a detective following them, with the ultimate intention of causing their arrest. Henry Harris, the surviving victim of the tragedy, it is now believed will recover.

NOVEL BOYCOTT.

Alabama Newspapers Propose Never Again Print Kolb's Name.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Dec. 18.-In line with the suggestion of the Taladega News Reporter, a blank agreement has been preeditors, the compact to be entered into being that they will not again print the name of Reuben F. Kolb, nor that of any of his political associates in the respective papers. The idea is to have the press boycott him and it is believed that when deprived of the opportunity of gaining notoriety the reform leaders will fall into forgetfulness.

MORE INDICTMENTS.

St. Louis Grand Jury After Election Law Violators.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 18 .- As a result of its investigations into election frauds the grand jury handed down about twenty indictments of men charged with repeating, mostly in the First and Second wards. It is expected that during the next few days as many as fifty more indictments of a like nature will be returned. As yet the names of all those indicted have not been made public, but the report is that several police officers, charged with interfering with the rights of citizens to voting, are among the number. Bench warrants were issued and placed in the hands of a deputy sheriff who by night had brought in four alleged repeaters. They are Edward McElvaney Frank Pessagnio, Ed Miller and William Cahill, who were released upon furnishing bail. It is not thought probable now that the grand jury will make its final report until all the bench warrants shall have been served.

Scheme to Cheat Republicans. SALT LAKE, U. T., Dec. 18.-The canvassing board to-day opened the ballot-box for one precinct of this city on the claim that there was a discrepancy between the tally-sheet and the poll list. Under the restitutional convention lose fifty votes. This defeats two Republican delegates, leaving the Republicans fifty-four and the Democrats fifty-three delegates.

Horrible Outrage by Tramps. OWENSBORO, Ky., Dec. 18.-A horrible outrage was perpetrated here to-night on Will Girvin, an eighteén-year-old boy, by two tramps. The boy was selzed in the rail-road yards and a coat thrown over his head. He was carried into a car and chloreformed. The fiends then cut into the lowels with a knife and left the boy lying nearly dead. He was found by his brother in a pool of blood. If caught the villains will be lynched. One man was arrested

The Frenchman Still Ahead. NEW YORK, Dec. 18 .- The match game of billiards between Fournil and Gallagher is still in favor of the Frenchman-it required twenty-six innings for the Frenchnan to secure his second installment o 600. Gallagher scoring only 335 during the play. Fournit's average was 193-23 and highest run, 23. Gallagher's average was

Twentieth Game Won by Albin. NEW YORK, Dec. 18 .- The twentieth came of the chess match between Albin and Showalter was won by the former, who had played a French defense, after sixty moves. The game ial ed from 4 p. m. yesterday to 12:10 to-day. Present score: Sho-

92-5, and highest run, 46.

ALL NEW YORK POLICEMEN SEEM-INGLY MORE OR LESS CORRUPT.

Even "Honest" Inspector Steers, Now Retired, Received 80 Per Cent. of

One District's Blood Money.

ROTTEN STEAMBOAT SQUAD

HOW "PROTECTION TRIBUTE" WAS

Captain Schmittberger's Attempt to Bribe an Agent-Creeden's \$15,000 -Martin Too Ill to Testify.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.-When the Lexow investigation committee began its work today there were present in the court room police captains Cross, Allaire and Creeden, all in full uniform. Father McDonald, of Brooklyn, was an interested spectator. In opening, Senator Lexow said he had been officially informed that the suspension of Captain Creeden by the police board had been revoked. Mr. Goff remarked that, in his mind, there was some doubt as to for anybody, even the police board, to bring an action against a person who has given evidence before the committee. The fact that they had given the testimony, guaranteed them immunity. "A person who does testify against himself," continued Mr. Goff, "is absolutely exempt from any

Captain Strauss was the first witness of the day. He testified that his wife's name was Barbara, and that neither he nor his wife had a bank account. He also said there were no real estate or mortgages in his wife's name.

John W. Reppenhagen, the man who handled Captain Creeden's \$15,000, was the next witness. He reiterated his testimony of Friday, to the effect that Snell gave him a check for \$15,000, and that Martin knew he had this check. Then he deposited the check and afterward drew it out on July 16, 1892. He admitted that \$5,000 was paid to him as a bribe for his influence in the matter. It was a custom for the saloon keepers in his vicinity to give small loans to the police, say \$5 or \$10 at a time, and as a result, the police were not so strict about the enforcement of the excise law. They were also assessed to make a Christmas present for the captain every year.

STEAMSHIP COMPANIES ASSESSED. Policeman O'Neil was then called to the stand. Sergeant Taylor and Captain Al laire were also called and sworn, and requested to leave the room while O'Nell testified. The witness was then told that no action could be brought against him for his testimony and was warned of the danger of perjuring himself. O'Nell said that he is now a member of the steamboat squad, having been assigned to that serv-ice in 1882, when Captain Cassidy was in

"While you were on the steamboat squad did you ever receive any money from the White Star line?"

"Ten dollars a week and my meals."
"Out of the \$10 per week did you have to Pay anything?"

"Yes; \$25 a month to wardman Michael Gannon for Captain Schmittberger."

Officer Beck, another member of the steamboat squad, was the next witness, ago he paid Sergeant Taylor, of the same squad, \$10, which he had received for extra work for a steamship company. He had to pay \$10 per month out of his salary.

John O. Mahoney, another member of the steamboat, squad, was the next witness. He had been on the force twenty-five years, and had never made any application for promotion because he was poor and knew it would cost too much. He had received \$20 a month from the Baltimore & Ohio railroad for his services in the company's yards. Witness testified that officers Ball and Gannon and Sergeant Taylor got \$10 a month of this money from him for Captains Allaire and Schmittberger.

Oscar R. Conchis, general agent of the tains Allaire and Schmittberger.

Oscar R. Conchis, general agent of the French Steamship Company, testified that in behalf of Captain Schmittberger his company was offered \$1,000 if he would refuse to show the books of his company in which an entry of \$500 paid to Captain Schmittberger had been made.

Officers Murphy, Brady, McGeorge, Connors and Moran testified that they had been paid for dock work, and that under Captains Allaire, Schmittberger and Gastlin they had to give up half of this money every month to the different wardmen.

EX-WARDMAN BALL'S STORY. Ex-wardman Ball, who served under Captain Gastlin, was the next witness.

collected the money from these officers?" "Who did you give it to?" "To Captain Gastlin."

"And did you ever collect any for Captain Schmittberger?" "Yes: I was under Schmittberger for only Witness then said that when Captain

Schmittberger first assumed charge of the steamboat squad he wanted the men to turn over all extra money to him. Some of them agreed to this, but others ob "What money did you ever collect for "I collected \$50 from agent Townsend, the Pennsylvania line for the captain. also went to Hoboken once and got som money from one of the ferry lines there."

"How much did you get?" Fifty dollars. "Well, now, for instance, how much did you collect for Captain Schmittberger during the first month he was in the squad? "Two hundred and ten dollars." "And that was the regular monthly col-

Sergeant Taylor, another collector for the captains of the steamboat squad, was called to the stand. "Sergeant, how much did you collect dur-ing Captain Schmittberger's captaincy?"

"What did you do with this?" INSPECTOR STEERS IMPLICATED. "I paid the most of it to Enspector Steers at headquarters." A buzz went around the court room at

this answer and everybody suddenly be-"What became of the other portion?" "I kept it."

"And how often did you go there -to headquarters, I mean?" "Every month." "And why did you pay to him?"
"Because he ordered me to do so

'How much did you pay to Inspector teers? What per cent.?' "And you kept 20 per cent.?"

"After Schmittberger left there and you took charge, did you continue to divide

"When Captain Allaire took charge, what did you do with the money you coll "Well, I put it in an envelope and laid it on the desk in the station house and never saw it any more. I wrote on the envelope 'Street-cleaning Department,' and left it on the sergeant's desk."

"Did you continue to put the envolopes on the desk after McAvoy came in?" "Well, to whom were you responsible for the collection of this money? "I don't know. I merely continued as I Dr. Joel Wilson Wright, who is in at-

tendance on "Honest" John Martin, to whom Reppenhagen gave the \$10,000 to secure the appointment of Captain Creeden. was next called. He testified that Martin was seriously ill; that he could not move without assistance, and that his affliction was paralysis in the left side.

Two witnesses testified to having received money from Alderman Benjamin as bribes vote the Democratic ticket, but both